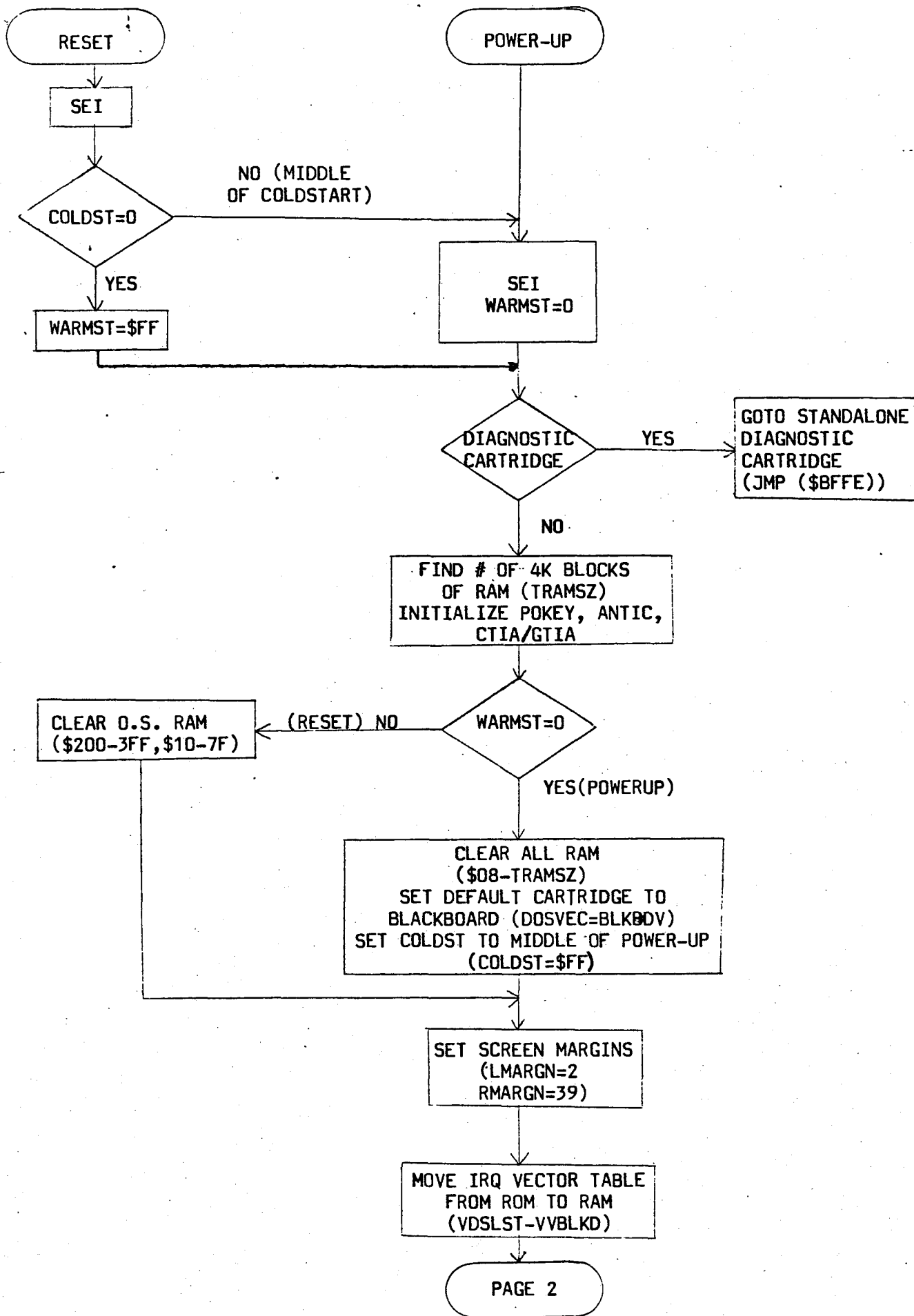


SEMINAR OULINE FOR THE O.S.

- A. Overview of the O.S.
 - 1. Elements of the O.S.
 - a. ROM-Based Character Set.
 - b. System Data Base
 - c. A set of Vectors to System Routines
 - d. I/O Subsystem Structure
 - 1. I/O Control Blocks
 - 2. I/O System Routines
 - e. Interrupt Handlers
 - 1. Non-Maskable Interrupts (NMI's)
 - 2. Maskable Interrupts (IRQ's)
 - f. Monitor
 - g. Timers
 - h. I/O Hardware Registers
 - i. Program RAM
 - j. Floating Point Package
 - k. Cartridges
 - B. I/O Subsystem Structure
 - 1. I/O Control Blocks
 - a. IOCB's
 - b. ZIOCB
 - c. DCB
 - 2. I/O System Routines
 - a. CIO
 - 1. Calling Convention
 - 2. Handler Address Table(HATABS)
 - 3. Handler Entry Point Tables
 - b. Device Handlers
 - 1. Resident Handlers
 - a). Display Editor (E:)
 - b). Screen Handler (S:)
 - c). Keyboard (K:)
 - d). Fprinter (P:)
 - e). Cassette (C:)
 - 2. Resident Disk Handler
 - 3. Non-Resident Handlers
 - a). DOS
 - b). RS-232 Handler (850)
 - c). User-added Handlers
 - c. SIO
 - 1. Calling Convention
 - C. Monitor
 - 1. Called
 - a. Power-up (Coldstart)
 - 1. Power-cycled
 - 2. Coldstart Vector (E477)
 - 3. SYSTEM RESET If COLDST<>0
 - b. SYSTEM RESET (Warmstart)
 - 1. SYSTEM RESET Key
 - 2. Warmstart Vector (E474)
 - 2. Points of Interest
 - a. A Warmstart Changes
 - 1. MEMLO

- 2. Handler Address Table (HATABS)
 - 3. IRQ Vector Table
 - b. JSR (CASINI) if BOOT? set
 - c. JSR (DOSINI) if BOOT? set
 - e. Using DOSINI to fix a above
- D. Program RAM
- 1. Memory Map
 - a. MEMLO
 - b. MEMTOP
 - c. APFMHI
 - d. RAMTOP
- E. Interrupt Handlers
- 1. NMI's
 - a. SYSTEM RESET - Non-Maskable
 - b. DLI
 - 1. VDSLST - Display List Vector
 - c. VBLANK
 - 1. Immediate (Stage 1)
 - a. VVBLKI - Vector
 - b. Critical Sections
 - 1). SEI
 - 2). CRITIC
 - c. Stage 2
 - 1). Shadows
 - 2. Deffered
 - a. VVBLKD - normally points to RTI
 - 2. IRQ's
 - a. One Bit Mask (SEI/CLI)
 - b. IRQEN and POKMSK
 - c. The IRQ's Vectors and Their uses
 - 1. VMIRQ - system IRQ Vector
 - 2. VBREAK - Software BRK instr.
 - 3. VKEYBD - Key board interrupt
 - 4. VSERIN - Serial Bus Input Ready
 - 5. VSEROR - Serial Bus Output Ready
 - 6. VSEROC - Serial Bus Complete
 - 7. VTIMR1 - Pokey Timer 1
 - 8. VTIMR2 - Pokey Timer 2
 - 9. VTIMR4 - Pokey Timer 4
 - 10. CDTMA1 - System Timer 1
 - 11. CDTMA2 - System Timer
- F. Timers
- 1. Real Time Clock (RTCLOK)
 - a. 3- byte Frame Counter
 - 2. System Timers
 - a. CDTMV1 - CDTMA1
 - b. CDTMV2 - CDTMA2
 - c. CDTMV3 - CDTMF3
 - d. CDTMV4 - CDTMF4
 - e. CDTMV5 - CDTMA5



PAGE 1

CLEAR BREAK KEY (BRKKEY=\$FF)
SET MEMORY SIZE
RAMSIZ=TRAMSZ
MEMTOP=TRAMSZ
MEMLO=\$700

INITIALIZE DEVICE HANDLERS
EDITOR (E:)
SCREEN (S:)
KEYBOARD (K:)
PRINTER (P:)
CASSETTE (C:)

START KEY

YES

SET CASSETTE BOOT
(CKEY=1)

NO

NO CASSETTE BOOT
(CKEY=0)

ENABLE IRQ INTERRUPTS

MOVE DEVICE HANDLER
TABLE FROM ROM TO RAM
(TBLENT→HATABS)

B
CARTRIDGE

YES

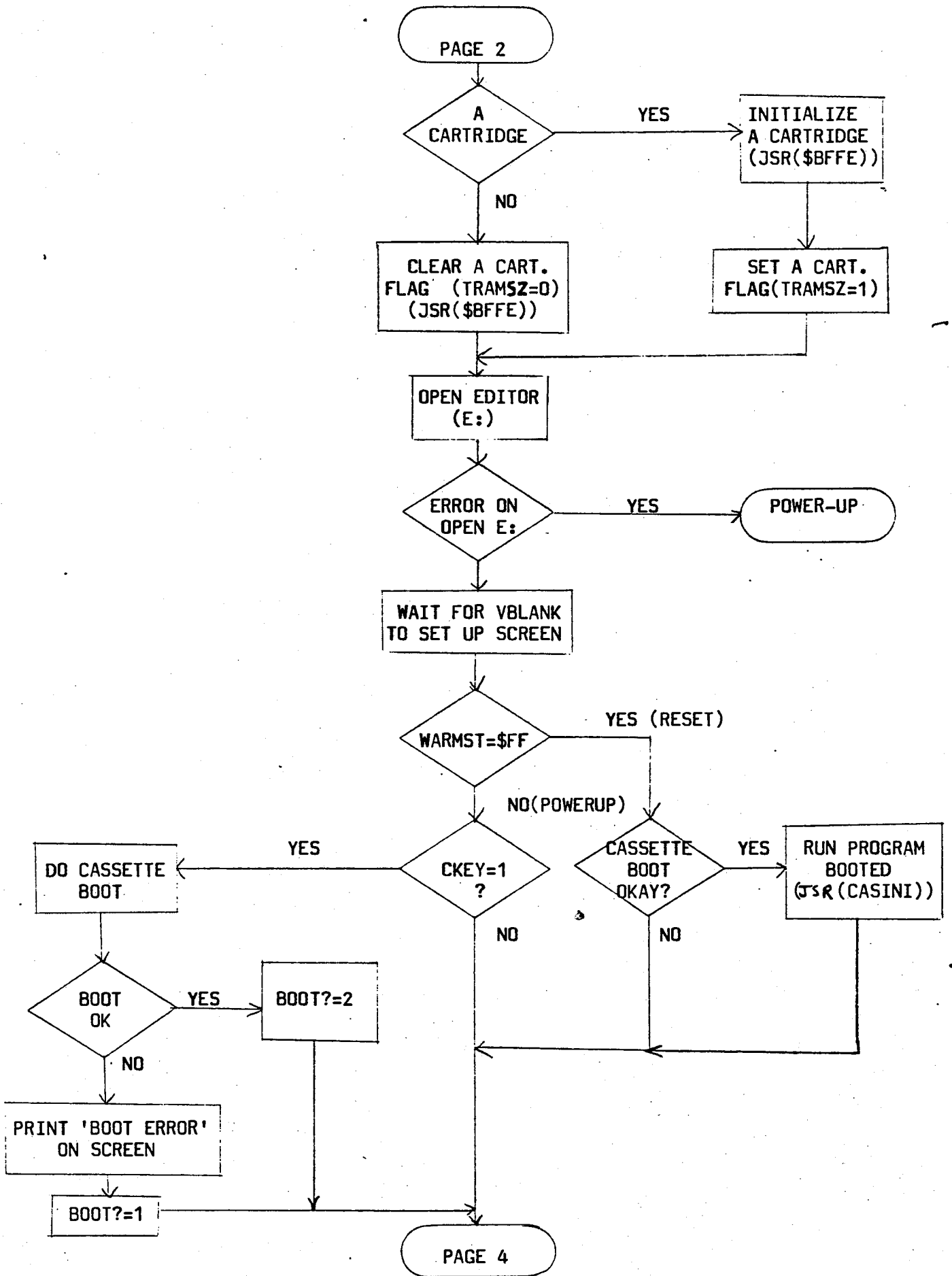
INITIALIZE
B CARTRIDGE
(JSR(9FFE))

add no

CLEAR B CART.
FLAG(TSDAT=0)

SET B CARTRIDGE
FLAG(TSDAT=1)

PAGE 3

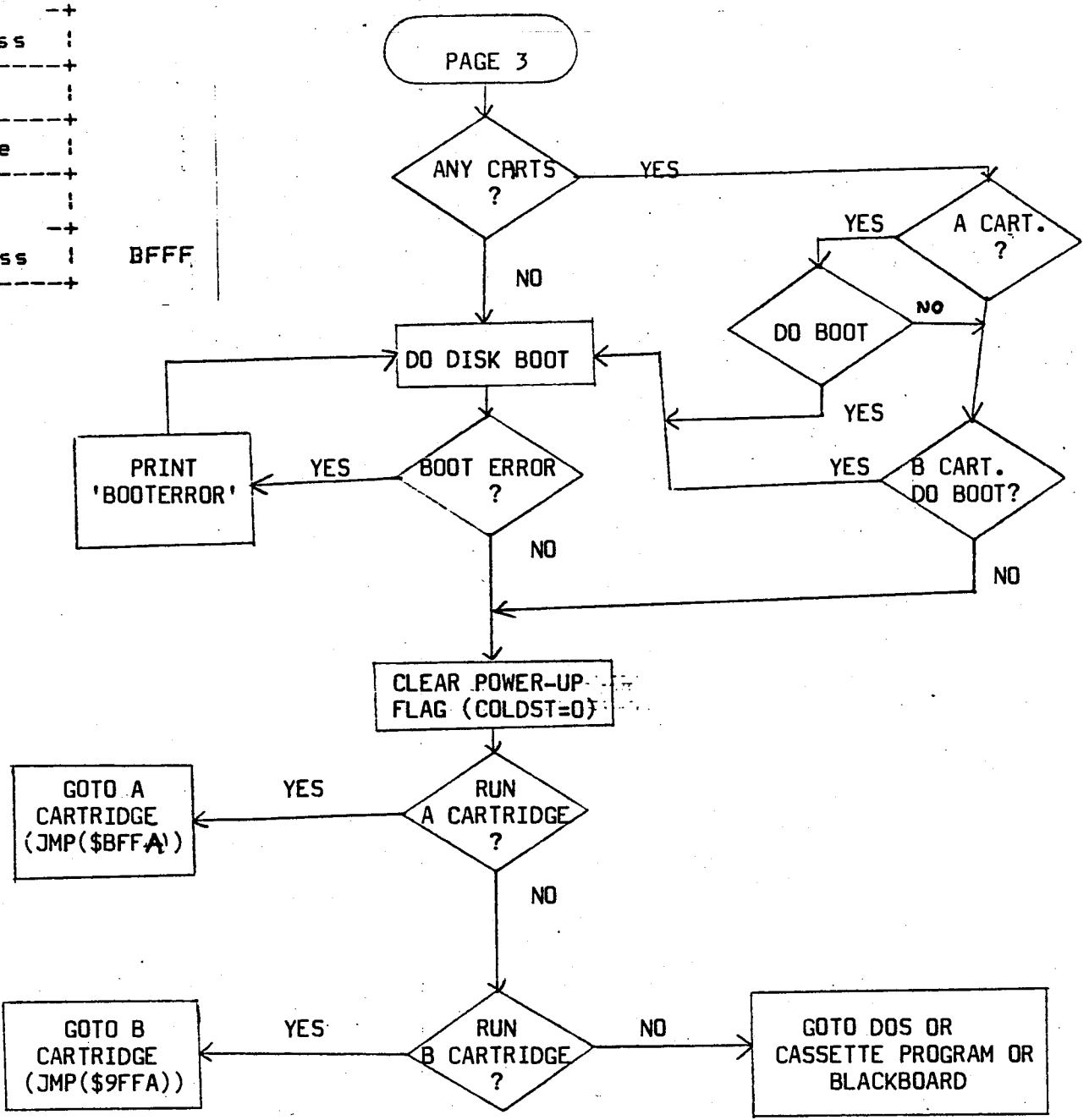


```

cartridge |
+-----+
| start address |
+-----+
| 00 |
+-----+
| option byte |
+-----+
| cartridge |
+-----+
| init address |
+-----+

```

BFFF



The byte of "00" is used to allow the OS to determine when a cartridge is inserted; locations BFFC and 9FFC will not read zero when there is neither RAM at those locations nor a cartridge inserted. RAM is differentiated from a cartridge by its ability to be altered.

The option byte has the following option bits:

- Bit-0 = 0, then do not boot the disk.
1, then boot the disk.
- Bit-2 = 0, then init but do not start the cartridge.
1, then init and start the cartridge.
- Bit-7 = 0, then cartridge is not a diagnostic cartridge.
1, then cartridge is a diagnostic cartridge & control will be given to the cartridge before any of the OS is initialized (JMP (BFFE)).

IOCB CHART

IOCB CHART

CALL	ICMD	ICDNO	ICCOM	ICSTA	ICBAL	ICBAH	ICPTL	ICPTH	ICBL	ICBLH	ICAKD	ICAX2
OPEN FILE - READ	X	X	3	note 1	\$80	06	X	X	X	X	4	0
OPEN FILE - WRITE	X	X	3	note 1	\$80	06	X	X	X	X	8	note 2
SET BYTES	X	X	7	note 1	00	06	X	X	\$80	00	X	X
PUT BYTES	X	X	fB	"	00	06	X	X	\$80	00	X	X
SET RECORD	X	X	5	"	00	06	X	X	\$80	00	X	X
PUT RECORD	X	X	9	"	00	06	X	X	\$80	00	X	X
CLOSE FILE	X	X	fC	"	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
STATUS	X	X	fD	"	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

NOTE 1 - The status of the I/O command is stored here and in the Y REG. on return from CIO

NOTE 2 - The Auxiliary bytes of the IOCB's are used by some handlers to indicate special modes

GENERAL NOTE:

THE ABOVE IOCB definitions assume

```
* = $600
IOBUFF .RES 80
FILE .BYTE 'D:\MYPROC.BAS'
```

X - indicates ignore but do not change the current value

HANDLER ADDRESS TABLE

E430 PRINTV = \$E430
 E440 CASETV = \$E440
 E400 EDITRV = \$E400
 E410 SCRENV = \$E410
 E420 KEYEDV = \$E420

0000 ;
 ;
 ; * = \$031A

HATABS

031A	50	.BYTE	'P
031B	30E4	.WORD	PRINTV
031D	43	.BYTE	'C
031E	40E4	.WORD	CASETV
0320	45	.BYTE	'E
0321	00E4	.WORD	EDITRV
0323	53	.BYTE	'S
0324	10E4	.WORD	SCRENV
0326	4B	.BYTE	'K
0327	20E4	.WORD	KEYEDV
0329	00	.BYTE	0
032A	00	.BYTE	0,0
032B	00		
032C	00	.BYTE	0
032D	00	.BYTE	0,0
032E	00		
032F	00	.BYTE	0
0330	00	.BYTE	0,0
0331	00		
0332	00	.BYTE	0
0333	00	.BYTE	0,0
0334	00		
0335	00	.BYTE	0
0336	00	.BYTE	0,0
0337	00		
0338	00	.BYTE	0
0339	00	.BYTE	0,0
033A	00		
033B	00	.BYTE	0
033C	00	.BYTE	0,0
033D	00		

PRINTER HANDLER ENTRY POINTS

**\$E430 ←

ADDRESS	HEX	OPERANDS	OPERATION	COMMENT
E430	9E EE	.WORD	PHOPEN-1	PRINTER HANDLER OPEN
E432	DB EE	.WORD	PHCLOS-1	PH CLOSE
E434	9D EE	.WORD	9ADST-1	PH READ
E436	A6 EE	.WORD	PHWRIT-1	PH WRITE
E438	80 EE	.WORD	PHSTAT-1	PH STATUS
E43A	9D EE	.WORD	9ADST-1	PH SPECIAL
E43C	4C 78 EE	JMP	PHINIT	PH INIT.
E43F	00	.BYTE	0	ROM FILLER

I/O Subsystem Structure

ALL PERIPHERALS EXCEPT RESIDENT DISK HANDLERS

RESIDENT DISK HANDLER

USER PROGRAM

IOCB

CIO CALL :

JSR CIOV
BMI ERROR
BPL GOOD

CENTRAL I/O ROUTINE (CIO)

ZIOCB

CALL TO DEVICE HANDLER : USE HANDLER ADDRESS TABLE (HATABS) TO FIND DEVICE HANDLER ENTRY POINTS

DEVICE HANDLER

USER PROGRAM (DOS or Assembler)

SERIAL BUS PERIPHERAL ONLY

CALL SIO : JSR SIOV
BMI ERROR
RTS

DCB

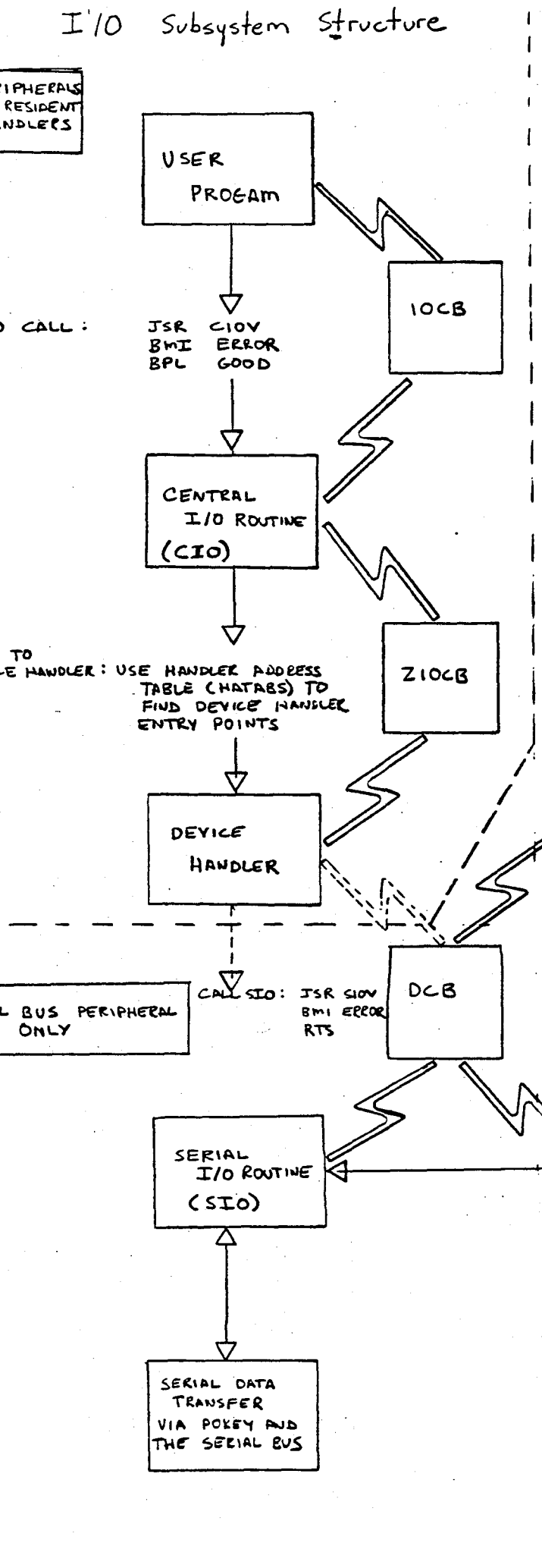
DISK HANDLER CALL : JSR DSKIOV
BMI ERROR

SERIAL I/O ROUTINE (SIO)

RESIDENT DISK HANDLER

SIO CALL : JSR SIOV
BMI ERROR
RTS

SERIAL DATA TRANSFER VIA POKEY AND THE SERIAL BUS



```

10 ;WRITTEN BY...MICHAEL EKBERG
20 ;
600 30 START = $600
001 40 DOSINI = $0C
2E7 50 MEMLO = $2E7
000 60 NEWMEM = $3000 ALTER THIS TO GET SIZE
70 ;THIS ROUTINE RESERVES SPACE FOR
80 ; ASSEMBLY ROUTINES BY RESETTING
90 ; THE MEMLO POINTER. IT RUNS AS
0100 ; AN AUTORUN.SYS FILE. IT ALSO
0110 ; RESETS MEMLO ON [RESET]. MEMLO
0120 ; IS SET TO THE VALUE OF NEWMEM.
0130 ;
0140 ;THIS PART IS PERMANENT, IE. NEEDS
0150 ; TO BE RESIDENT. THE SYSTEM DOS INIT VECTOR
0160 ; HAS BEEN STOLEN, AND STORED IN
0170 ; THE LOCATION INITDOS+1&2.
0180 ; DOS IS INITIALIZED AND MEMLO IS INITIALIZED
0190 ; INITDOS EXECUTES ON [RESET].
0200 *= START
0210 INITDOS
0600 200D06 0220 JSR ENDRTS ;DO DOS INITLIST
0603 A900 0230 LDA #NEWMEM & 255
0605 8DE702 0240 STA MEMLO
0608 A930 0250 LDA #NEWMEM/256
060A 8DE802 0260 STA MEMLO+1
0270 ENDRTS
060D 60 0280 RTS
0290 ; THIS PART IS EXECUTED AT POWER
0300 ; UP ONLY AND CAN BE DELETED
0310 ; AFTER POWER-UP.
0320 ; THIS ROUTINE STORES THE
0330 ; CONTENTS OF DOSINI INTO A JSR
0340 ; AT LOCATION INITDOS+1. IT
0350 ; THEN REPLACES DOSINI WITH
0360 ; IT'S OWN VALUE, THE LOCATION
0370 ; INITDOS.
0380 BEGIN
060E A50C 0390 LDA DOSINI SAVE DOSINI
0610 8D0106 0400 STA INITDOS+1
0613 A50D 0410 LDA DOSINI+1
0615 8D0206 0420 STA INITDOS+2
0618 A900 0430 LDA #INITDOS&255 SET DOSINI
061A 850C 0440 STA DOSINI
061C A906 0450 LDA #INITDOS/256
061E 850D 0460 STA DOSINI+1
0620 A900 0470 LDA #NEWMEM&255 SET MEMLO
0622 8DE702 0480 STA MEMLO
0625 A930 0490 LDA #NEWMEM/256
0627 8DE802 0500 STA MEMLO+1
062A 60 0510 RTS

062B 0520 *= $2E2
02E2 0E06 0530 .WORD BEGIN SET RUN ADDRESS
7E4 0540 .END

```